

# OPTIMIZING YOUR POLLING ENGINE

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November 5<sup>th</sup> 2018



**Weatherford®**



# AGENDA

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**1** UIS: How does it work?

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**2** Optimizing!

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**3** Tools and Best Practices

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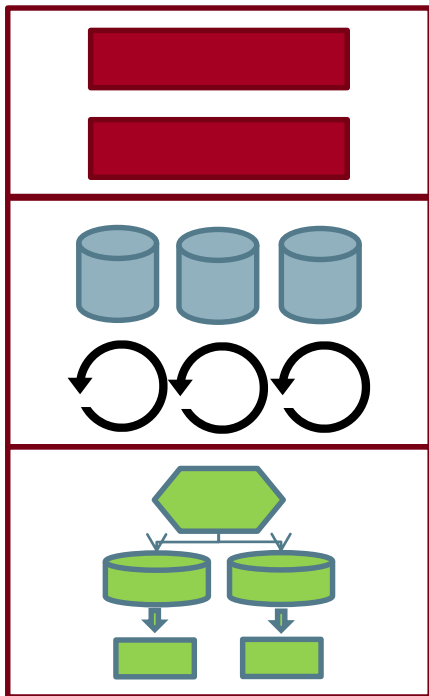


# **UIS: HOW DOES IT WORK?**

## **POLLING AND PROCESSING**



# How does it work?



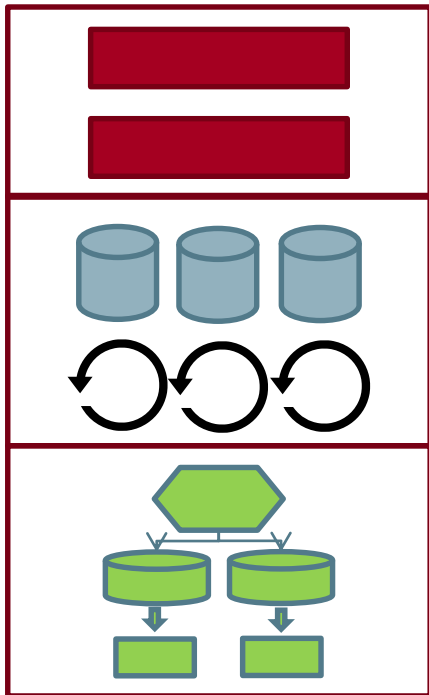
**Message Creation**

**Comm Processing**

**Response Processing**



# How does it work?



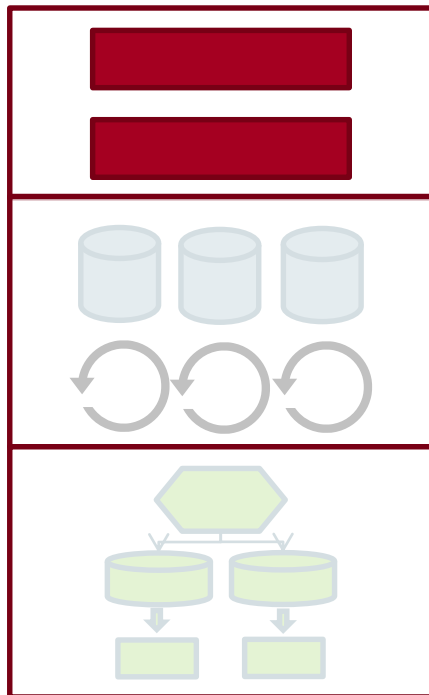
**Message Creation**

**Comm Processing**

**Response Processing**



# Breakdown



## Message Creation

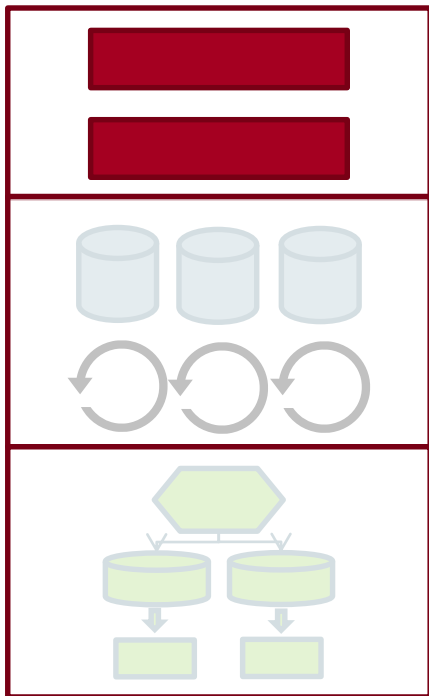
UIS Command



UIS/EIE



# Breakdown



## Message Creation

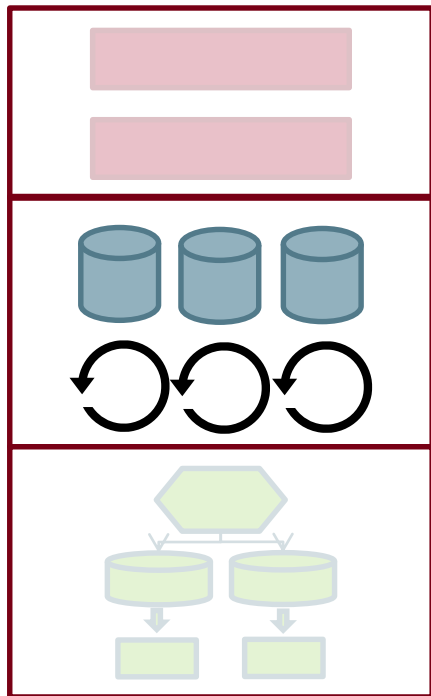
UIS Command



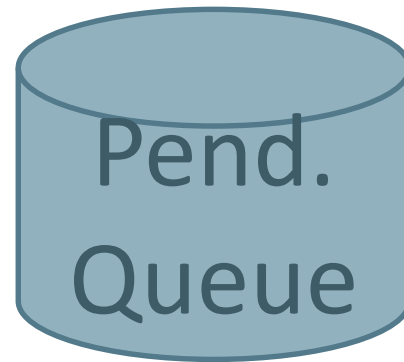
UIS/EIE



# Breakdown



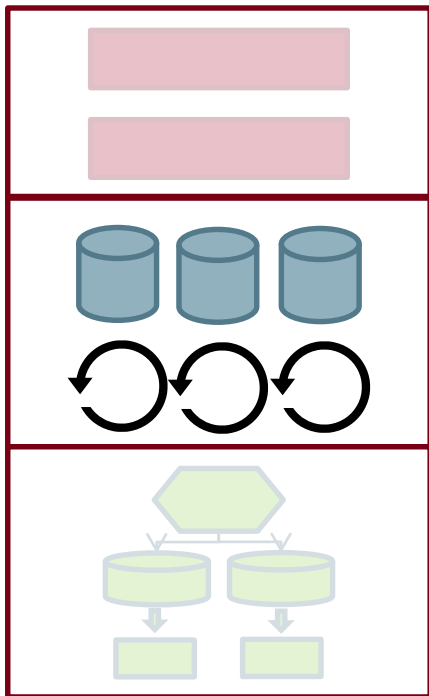
## Comm Processing



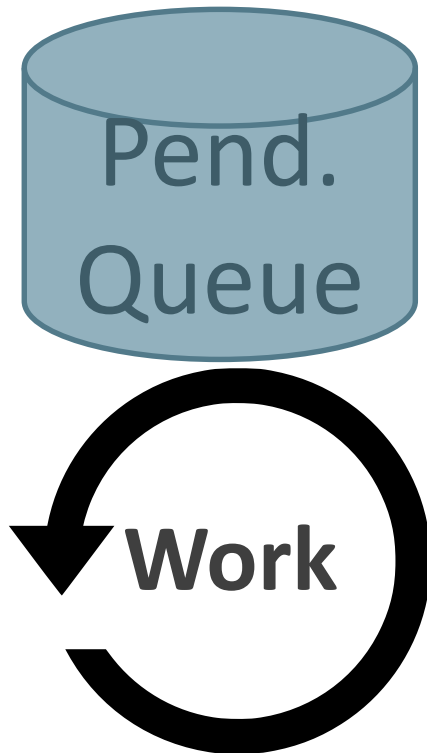




# Breakdown

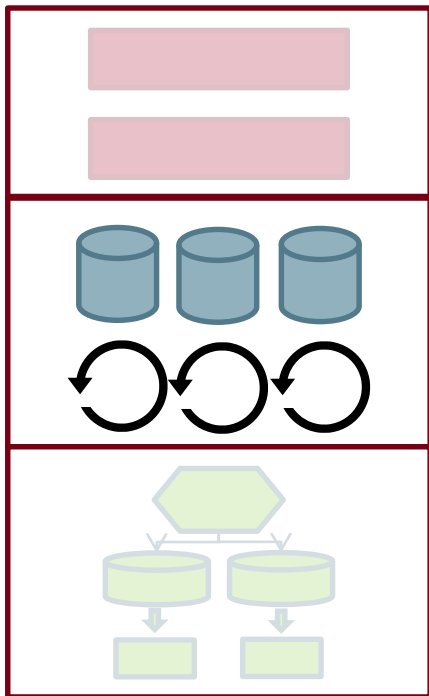


## Comm Processing

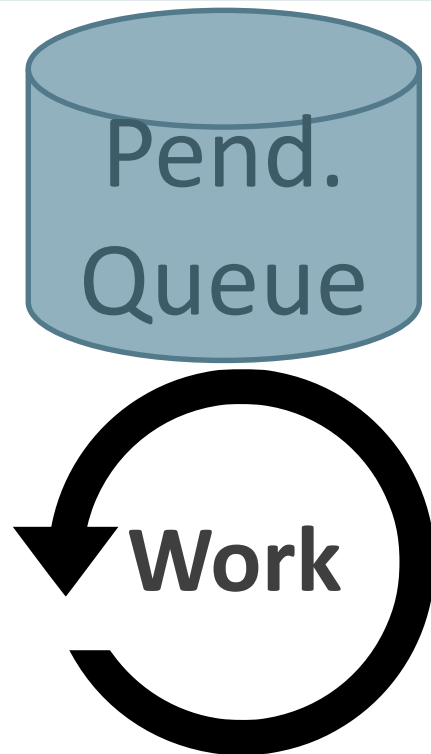




# Breakdown

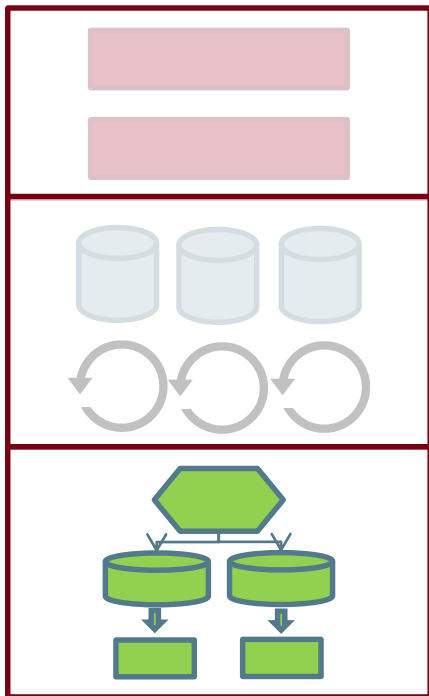


## Comm Processing

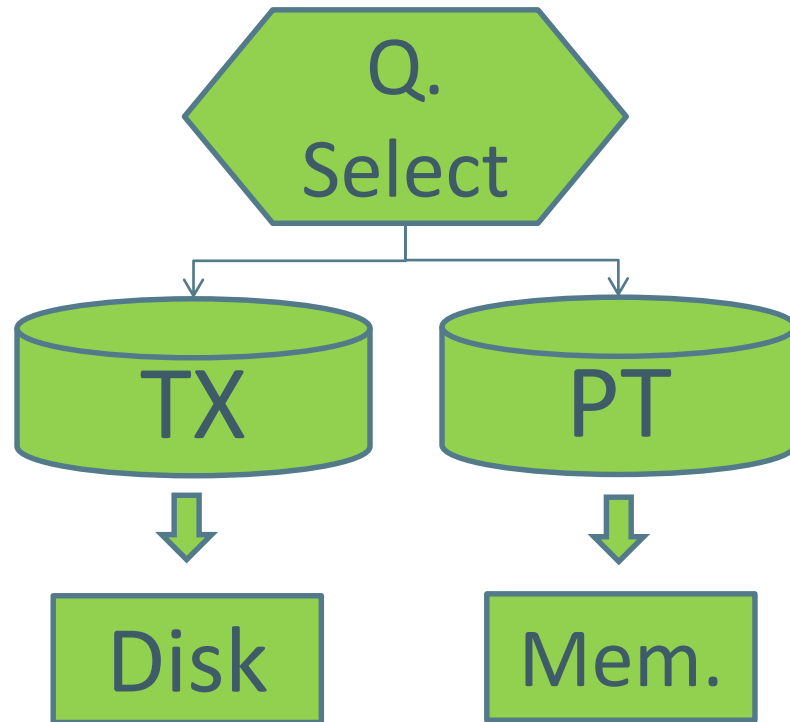


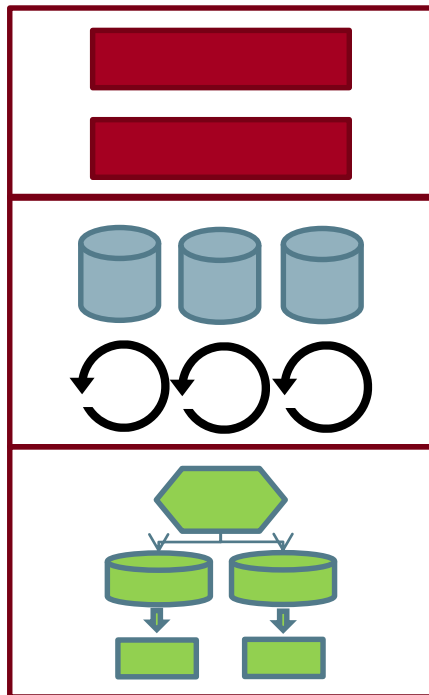


# Breakdown



# Response Processing





**Message Creation**

**Comm Processing**

**Response Processing**



# I Optimizing!



# UIS Optimization: What's the goal?

- Allow the UIS to poll as frequently as possible using existing communications infrastructure.

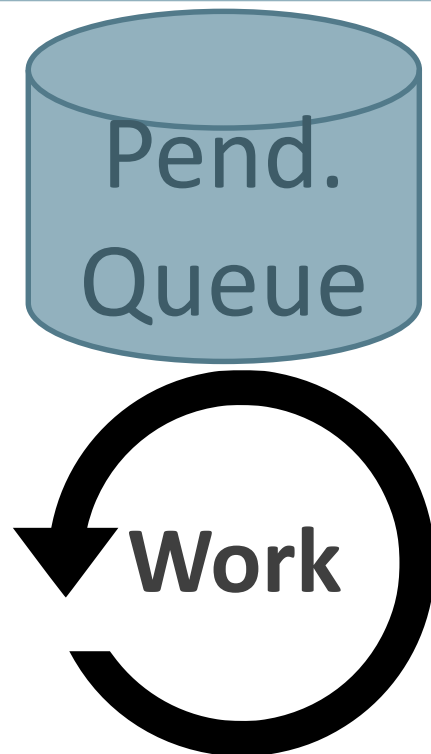
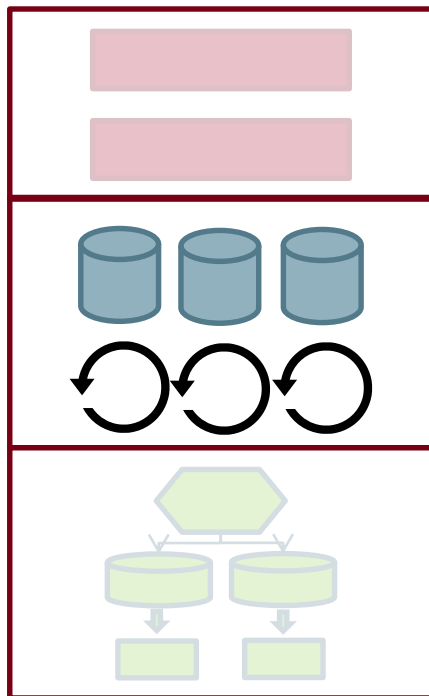


# UIS Optimization: Types of comm environments

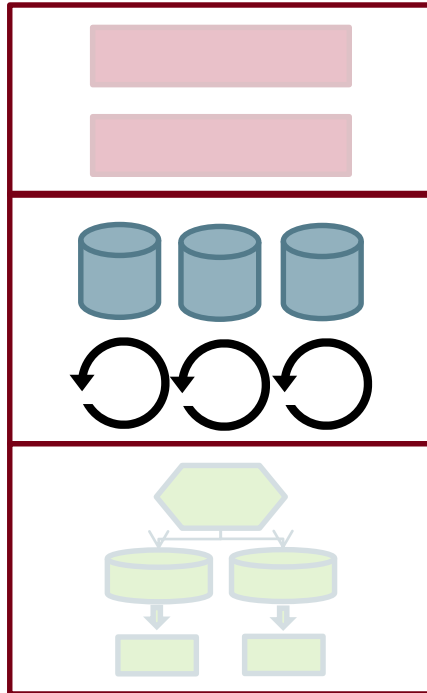
- One-to-many
  - Single connection
  
- One-to-one
  - Simultaneous connections

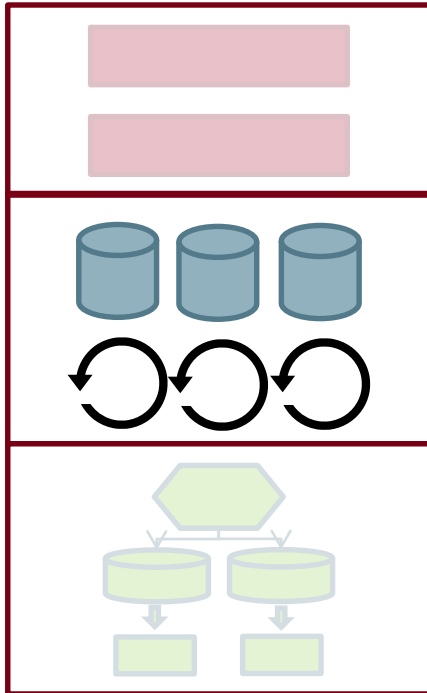


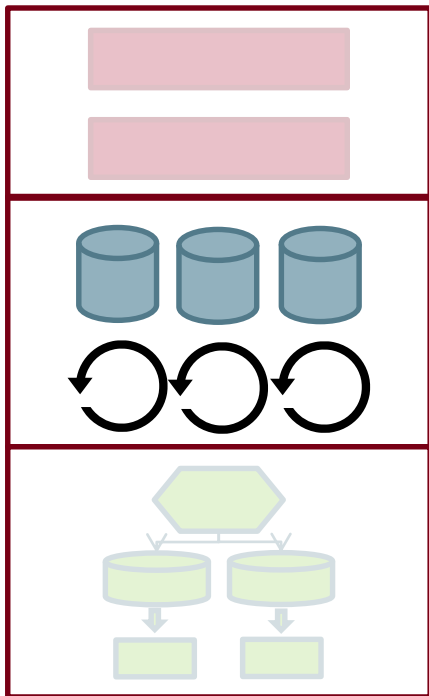
# Comm Processing

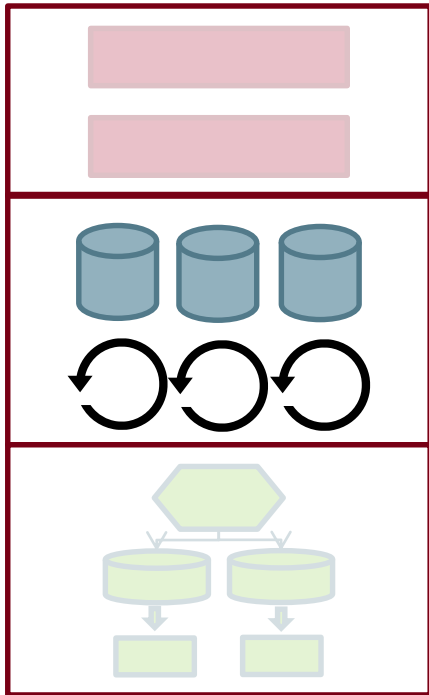












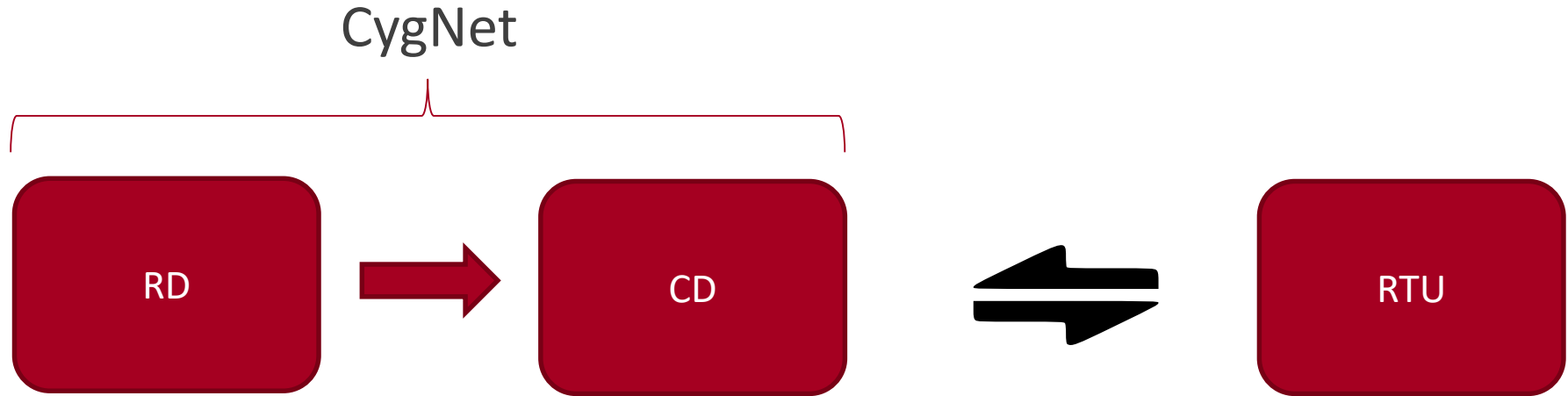


# UIS Optimization: Direct Connect Considerations

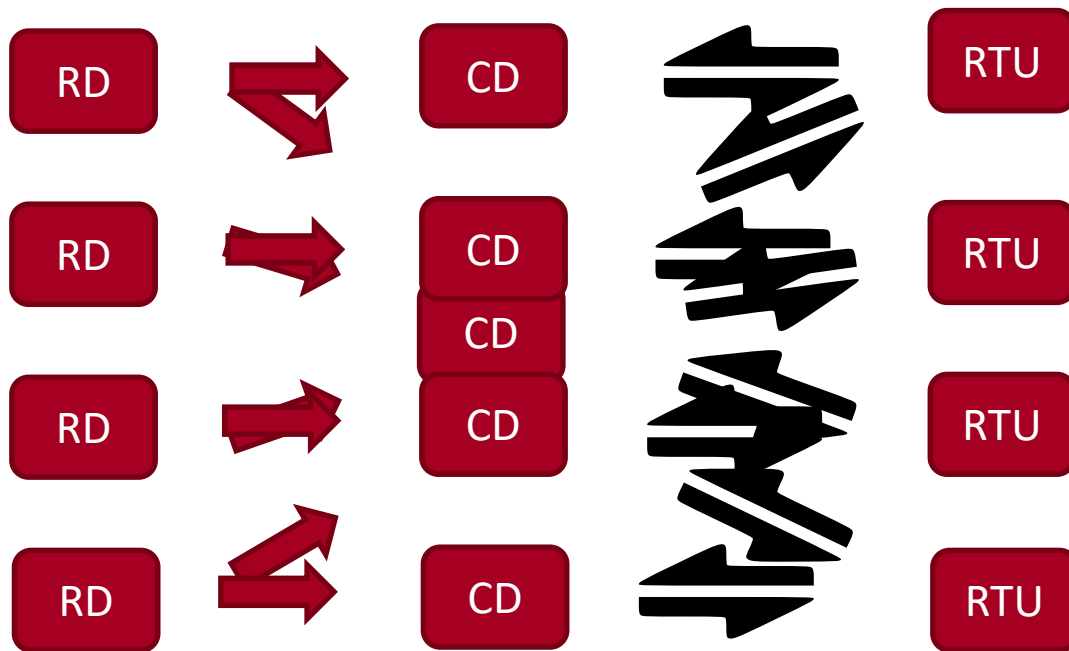
- Uses more system resources
- Can overload comm infrastructure



# UIS Optimization: Direct Connect Considerations



# UIS Optimization: Direct Connect Considerations





# UIS Optimization: Direct Connect Considerations

- TCP/IP Multipoint
  - Maximize polling
  - Prevent comm overload
  - Simplify scheduling





# UIS Optimization: Direct Connect Considerations



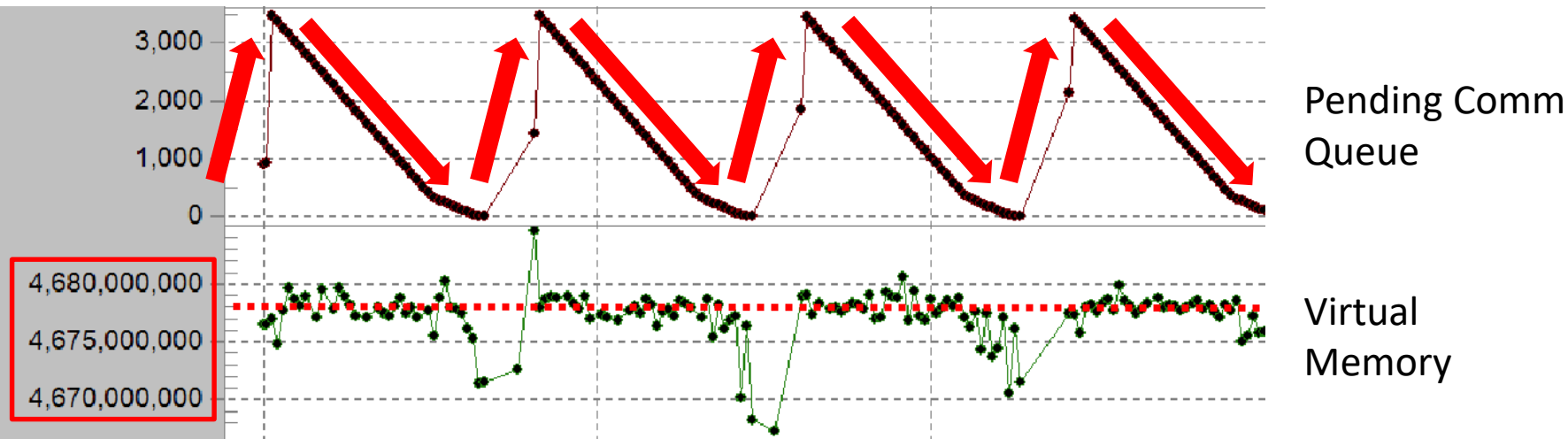
# Pending Comm Queue: Limitations

## ■ Virtual Memory

- 32-bit process – 4GB memory limit
- 64-bit process – 16.8 million terabyte memory limit



# Pending Comm Queue: Limitations





# Pending Comm Queue: Limitations



Pending Comm  
Queue

Virtual  
Memory

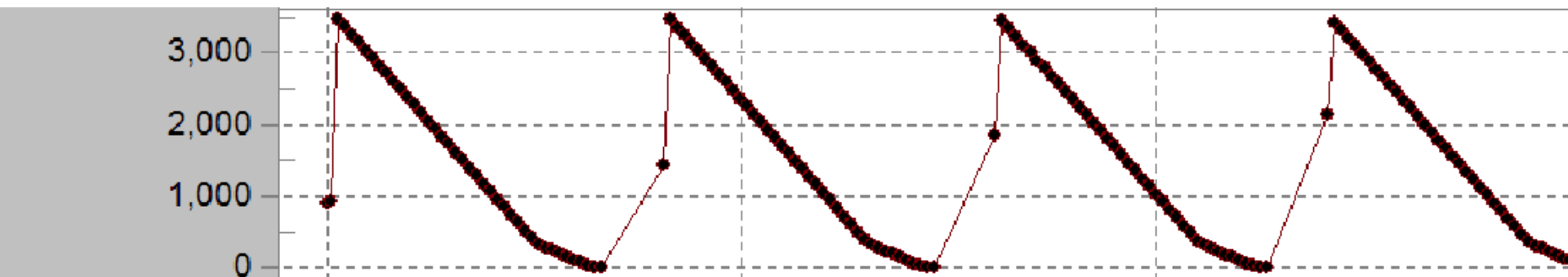


# Pending Comm Queue: Limitations

- Preventing death by pending comm queue
  - Alarms
    - Virtual memory (SVMVIRT)
    - Pending comm queue (SVMUISPNDC)
    - Failed communications (SYCSSTAT)
  - MSS Throttling



# Pending Comm Queue: Limitations

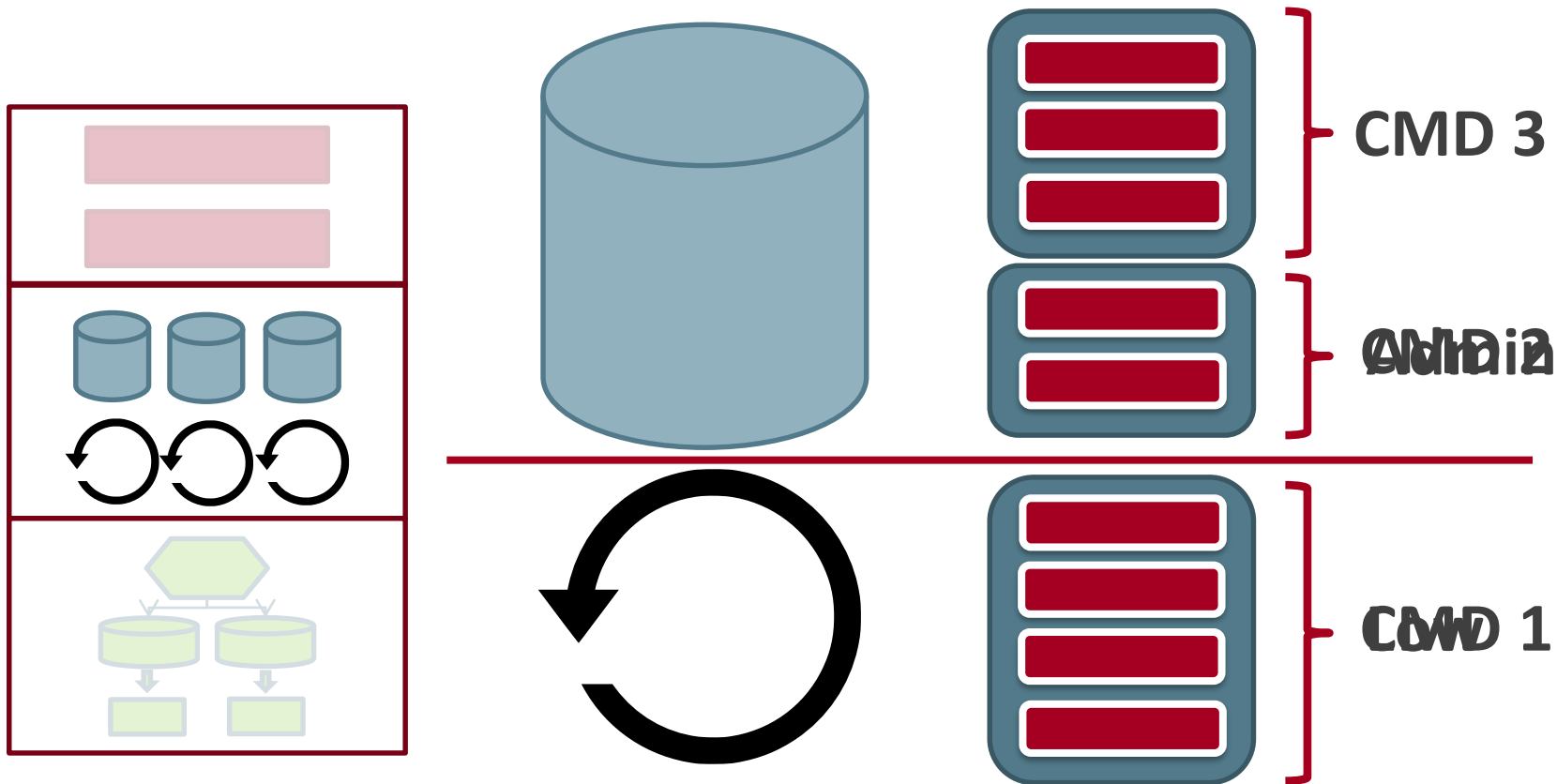




# Pending Comm Queue: Considerations

- FIFO
- Prioritization
- No interruptions

# Pending Comm Queue: Considerations



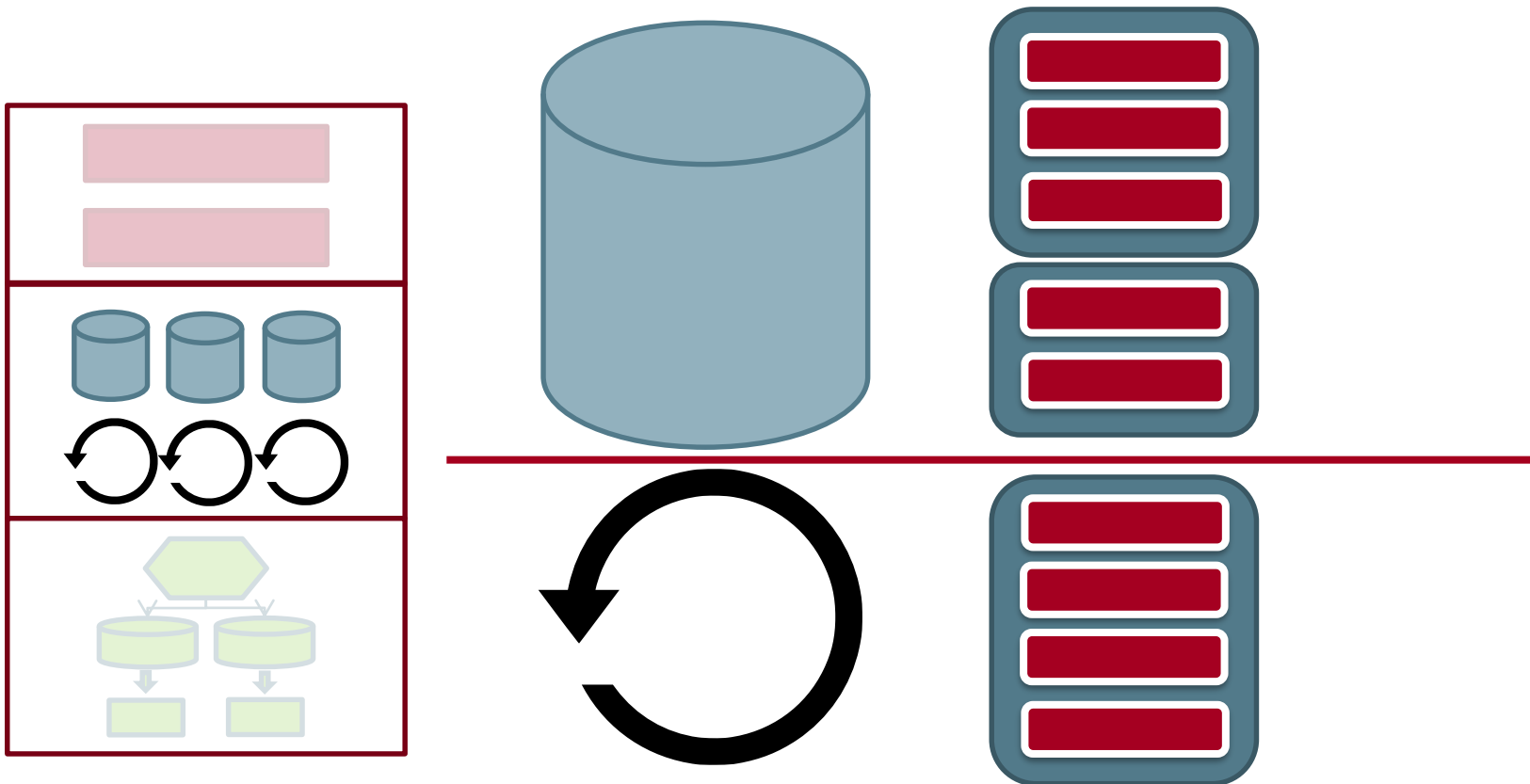




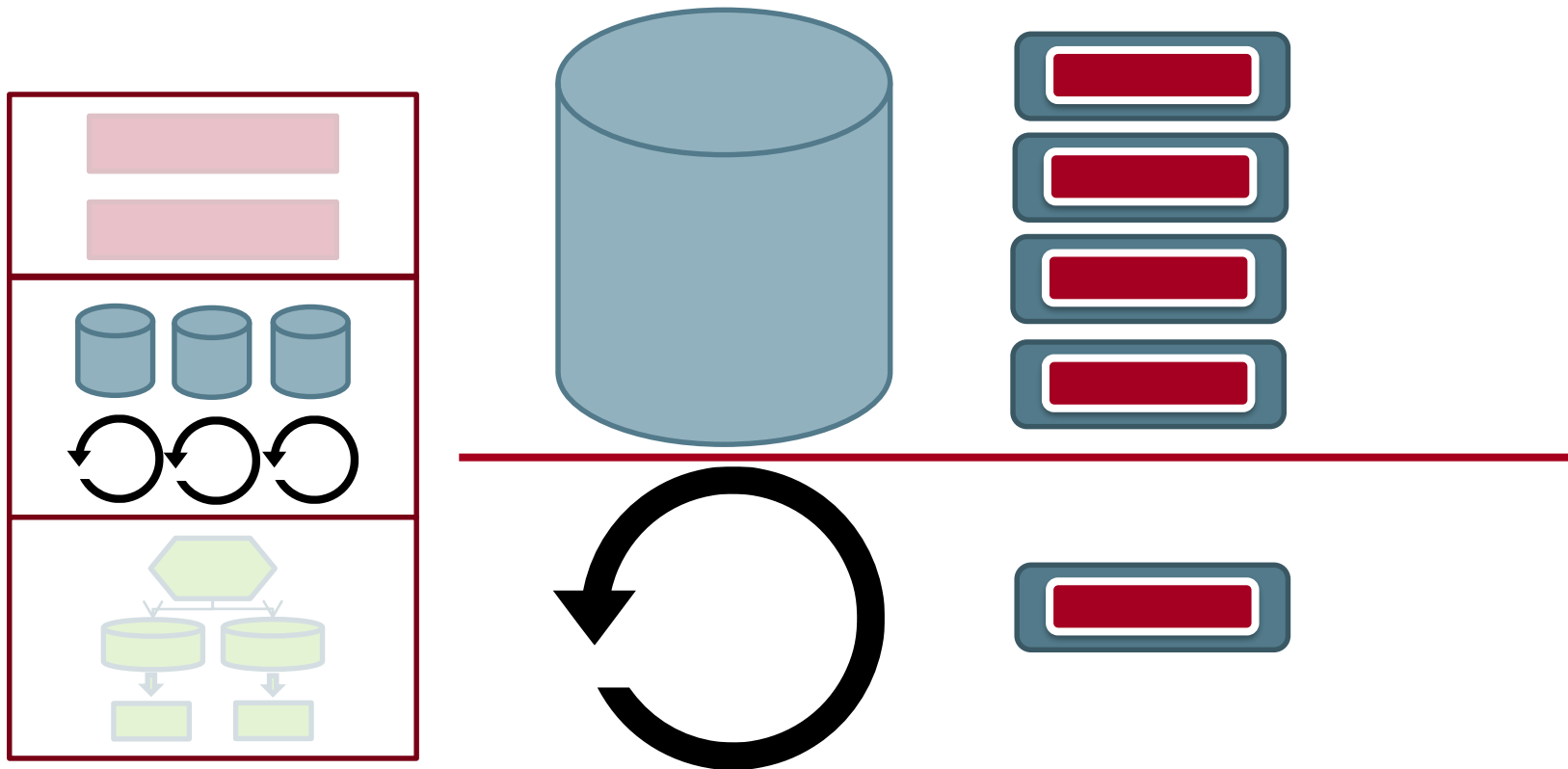
# Pending Comm Queue: Considerations

- FIFO
- Prioritization
- No interruptions
  - Exception: SPLIT\_MULTIFAC\_COMMANDS

# Pending Comm Queue: Considerations



# Pending Comm Queue: Considerations



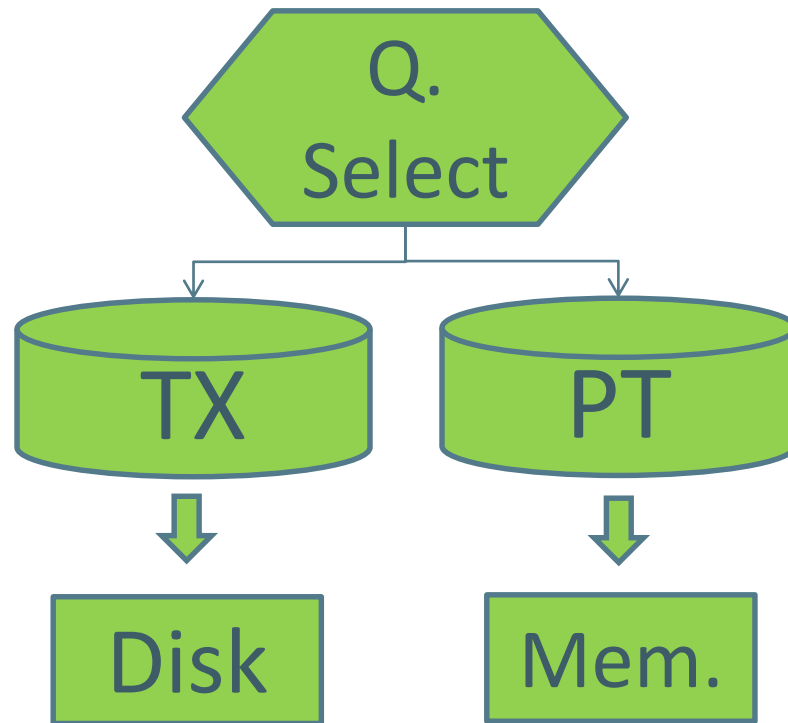
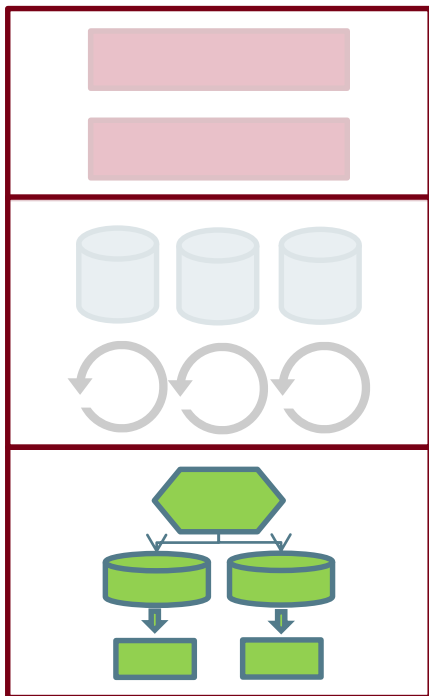


# Pending Comm Queue: Considerations

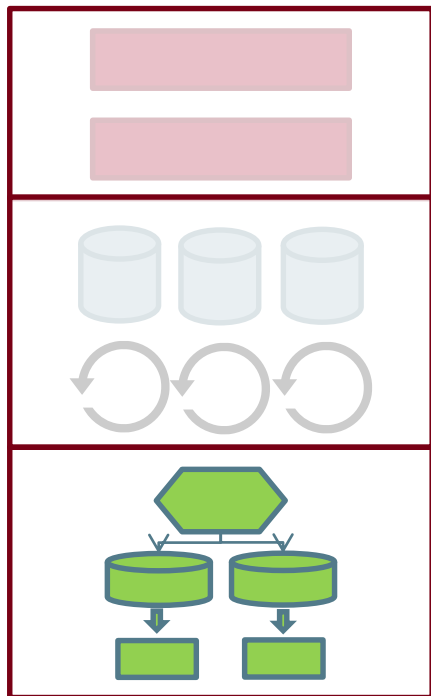
- Benefits of split commands
  - Faster processing for high priority items
  - Regulates flow to Response Processing
- Implement with caution



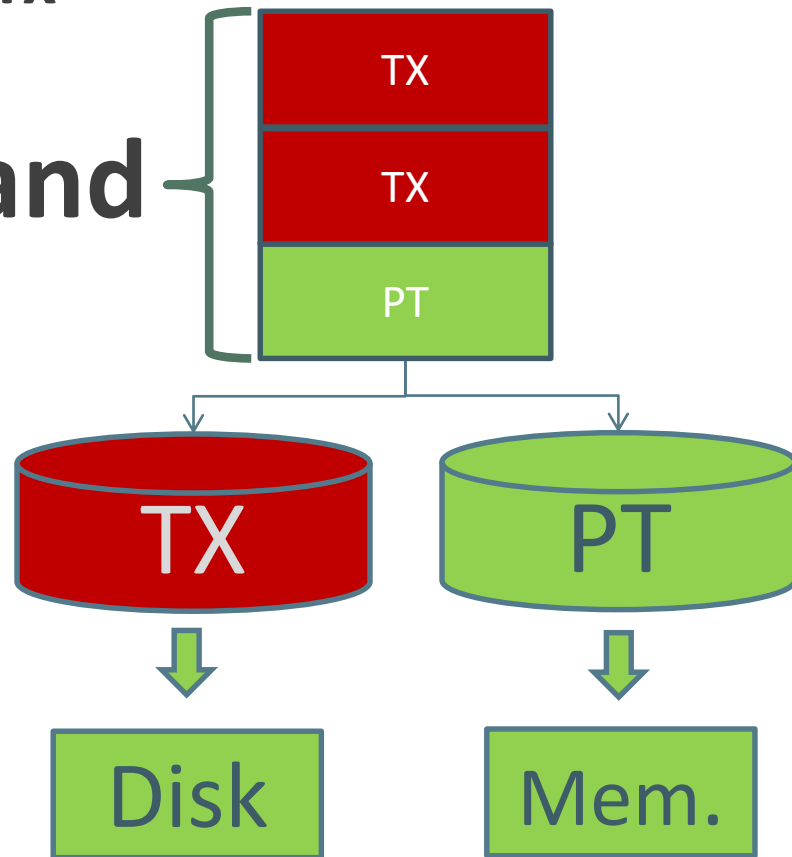
# Response Processing – Writing Tx



# Response Processing – Writing Tx



Command





# Response Processing: Threads

- Default: 3 threads per response queue
- Configurable up to 16 threads each

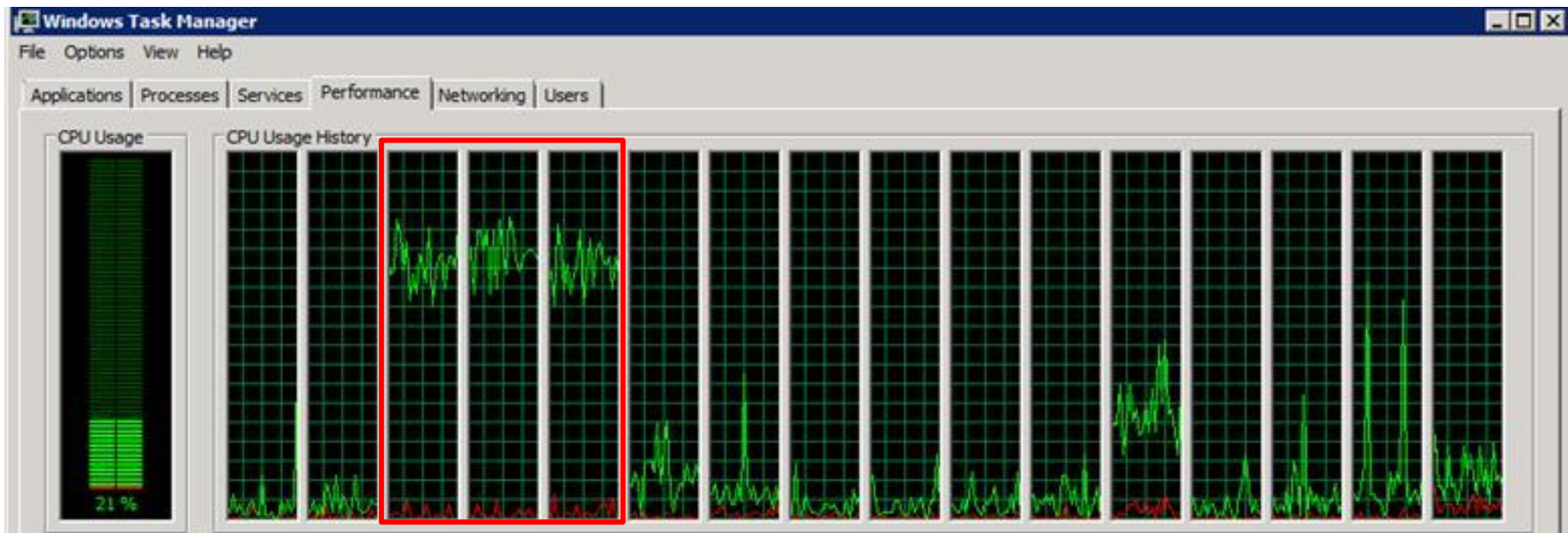
# Response Processing: Threads







# Identifying Bottlenecks





# Identifying Bottlenecks

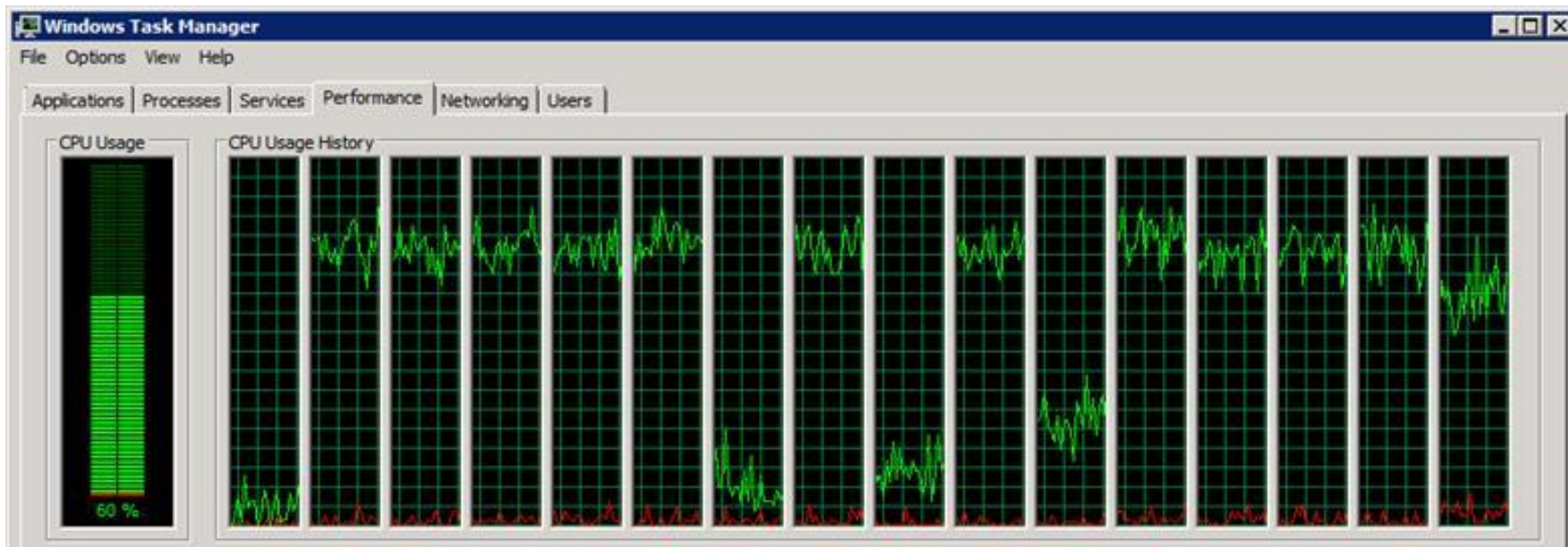
- Increase thread count
  - Add incrementally



# Identifying Bottlenecks

- Increase thread count

12 Threads Configured





# Identifying Bottlenecks

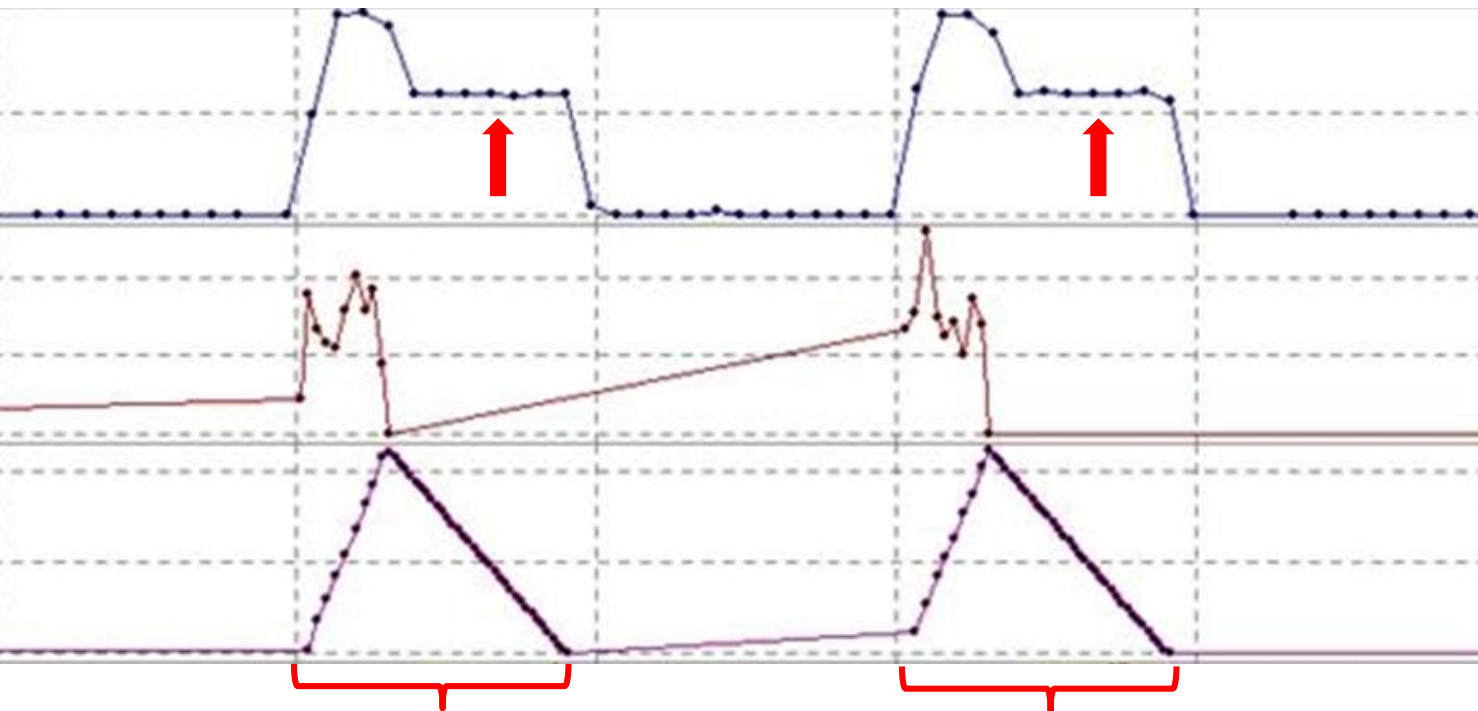


CPU: 3 Threads

Pending  
Comm  
Queue

Response  
Processing  
Queue

# Identifying Bottlenecks



CPU: 12 Threads

Pending  
Comm  
Queue

Response  
Processing  
Queue



# UIS Optimization: Review

- Match existing comm infrastructure
- Monitor Pending Comm Queue
- Sort TX vs PNT commands
- Optimize # of response processing threads



# I Tools!





# CygNet Service Monitor (SVCMON)

## ■ What is SVCMON?

- CygNet Current Value Service (CVS)
- Gathers statistics
  - Host
  - Site
  - Service





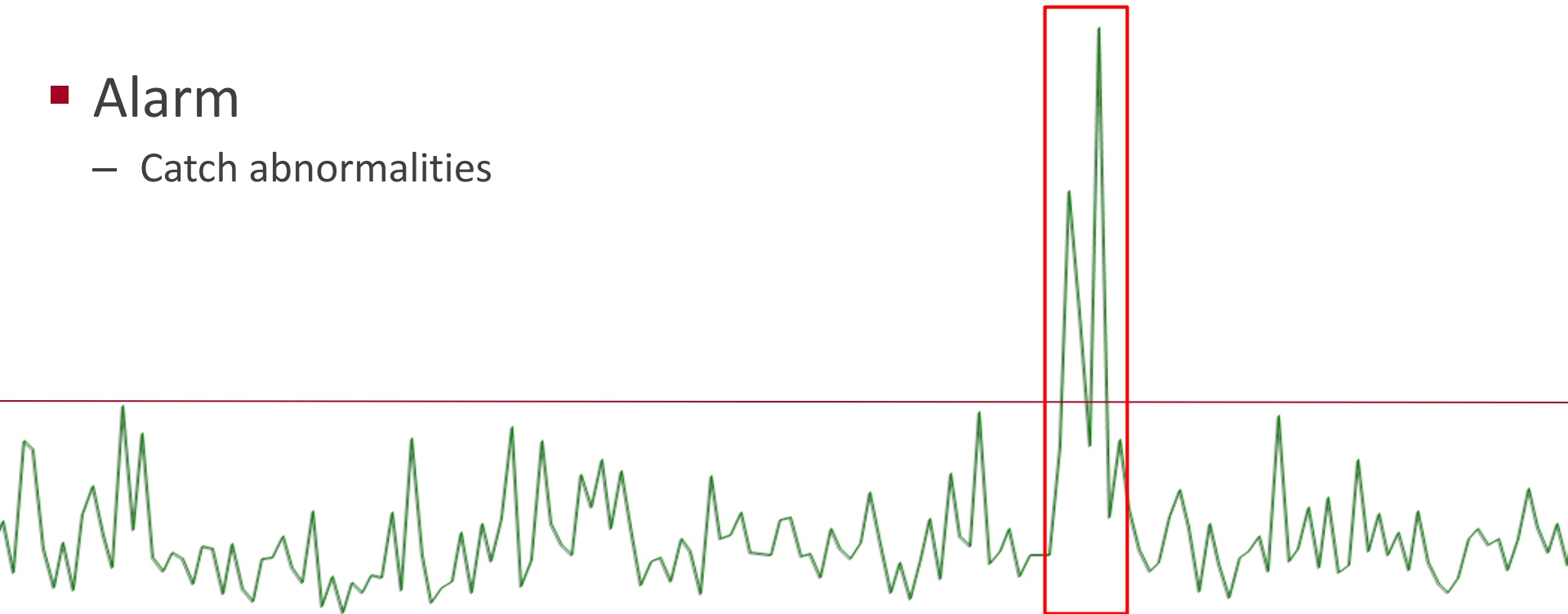
# CygNet Service Monitor (SVCMON)

- Items to monitor?
  - All of them
  
- Data retention?
  - At least a year



# CygNet Service Monitor (SVCMON)

- Alarm
  - Catch abnormalities





# Clean up logs

- Quickly spot abnormal behavior
- Easily identify relevant content

## Working with Log

[illegible]

