



Disaster Prevention

Optimizations, Insights, and Best Practices

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AGENDA

1 Introduction

2 Goals

3 Proactively Identifying Impending Issues

4 Recommendations and Optimizations

5 Preventing Data Loss and Downtime



Disaster Prevention

How to prepare for a visit from Mayhem



Disaster Prevention

How to prepare for a visit from Mayhem



Mayhem is everywhere



Problems vs Disasters

Problems

- May occur on a regular basis and are often outside our control
 - Hardware failure
 - Accidental deletion of files
 - Communication device failures

Disasters

- Occur when we're not prepared to handle a problem
 - System downtime
 - Data loss
 - UIS instability

Disaster Prevention

- Goals
 - Awareness
 - Not a deep dive
- Other resources
 - White paper
 - Call CygNet Support
 - 2017 Support project



| Proactively Identifying Impending Problems – | Before they Turn into Critical Issues

Catching Mayhem at the door

The Presenting Problem

■ Presenting Problem

- The initial symptom which signals that an issue exists
 - Not the root issue
 - Detectable and Correctable



**How do you proactively
identify the root issue?**

CygNet Service Monitor (SVCMON)

■ What is SVCMON?

– CygNet Current Value Service (CVS)

– Gathers statistics

- Host
- Site
- Service

CygNet Service Monitor (SVCMON)

- Monitor real-time statistics
 - Define acceptable ranges
 - Set up alarms and notifications

- Trend system performance
 - Analysis
 - Performance degradation
 - Troubleshooting

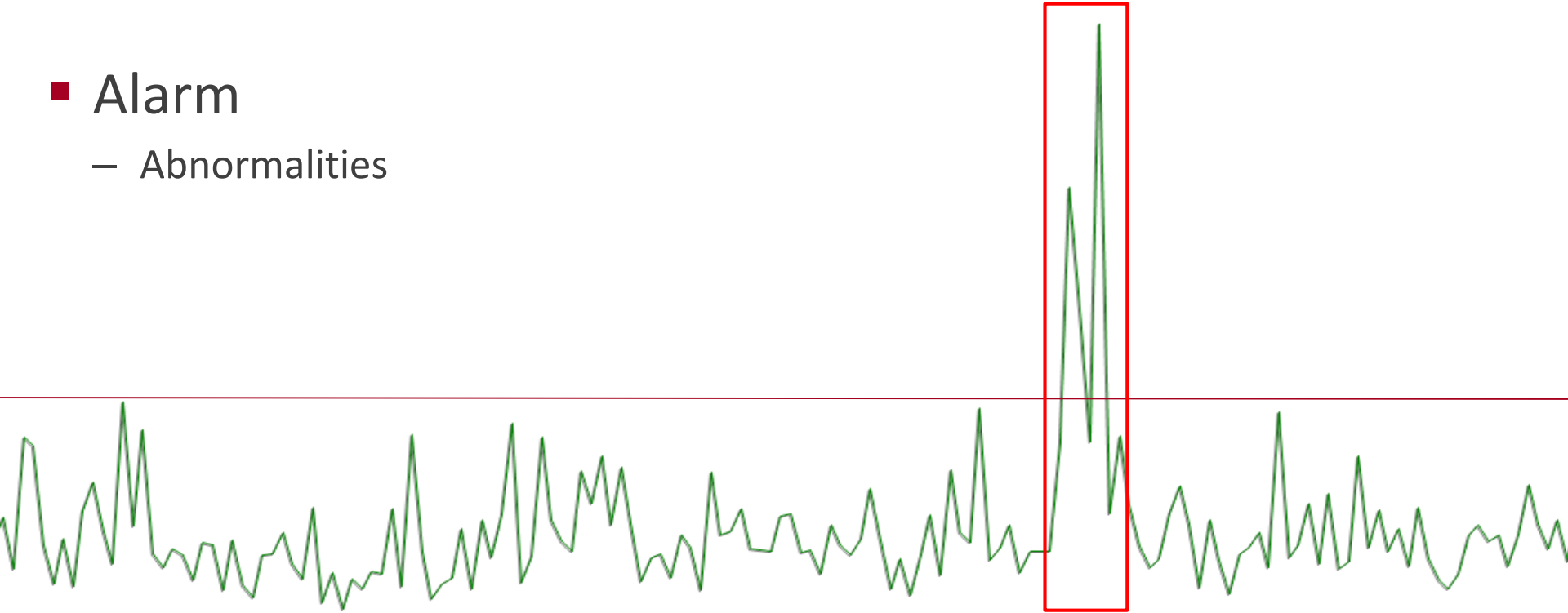
Service Monitor Guidelines

- Items to monitor?
 - All of them

- Data retention?
 - At least a year

Service Monitor Guidelines

- Alarm
 - Abnormalities



Service Monitor Guidelines

■ Alarm

- Abnormalities
- Limits and thresholds
- Priorities
- Categorization

■ Notifications

- Critical alarms

General | History | Point reference | Comments | Application | Analog

Point scheme: Alarm category for point:

Point data type:

Suppress alarms:

Value range

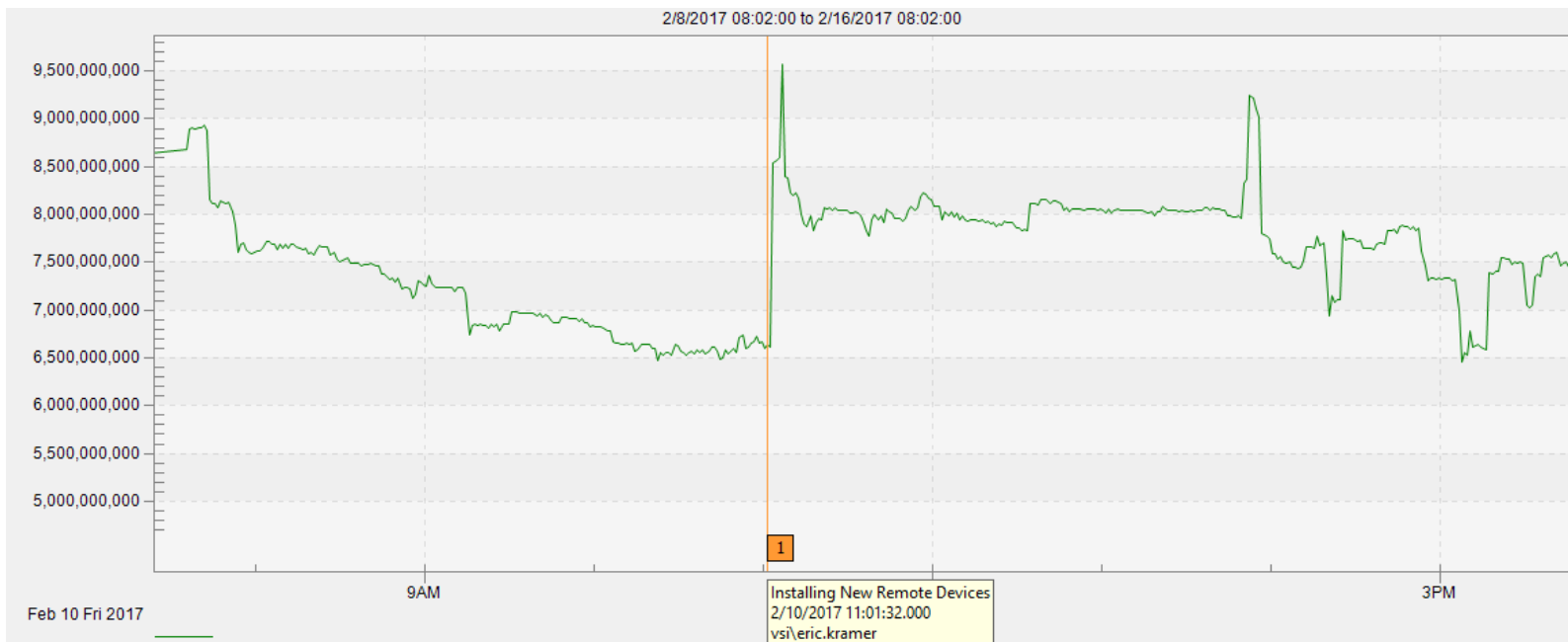
Minimum: Alarm deadband:

Maximum:

Enable CVS Calculation	Calc. Value 1	Calc. Value 2	Alarm Priority	Report To CAS	Report To GNS	GNS ID	Delay Reporting
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Low Alarm	Setpoint ... 10		0-99 (Category) 99 (CRITICAL)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ALERT	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Low Warning	Setpoint ... 50		0-99 (Category) 74 (HIGH)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> High Warning	Setpoint ...		0-99 (Category) 0 (LOW)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> High Alarm	Setpoint ...		0-99 (Category) 0 (LOW)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>

Service Monitor Guidelines

■ NOTE Service



Service Monitor Guidelines

- Considerations
 - Dedicated SVCMON services
 - VHS
 - CAS
 - Dedicated SVCMON site

Working with Logs

Event Logging Service (ELS)

- All services
- Overview
- Review daily
- Log writes to ELS (SVMLOGSWRT)

Service Log Files

- Service specific
- Detailed view
- Review as needed
- Log writes to file (SVMLOGFWRT)

Working with Logs

- Clean up
 - Quickly spot abnormal behavior
 - Easily identify relevant content

Working with Logs

- New in 8.5.0
 - Extended logging

Legacy Behavior



UIS001.log



UIS001.log

Working with Logs

■ New in 8.5.0

– Extended logging

– Opt-in

```
#-----Logging Keywords-----  
#  
LOGMASK_ELS          CONTROL  EXCEPTIONS  
LOGMASK_FILE         CONTROL  EXCEPTIONS  WARNING  
#  
LOGFILE FILE COUNT   2  
LOGFILE_FILE_SIZE    100  
LOGFILE LINE COUNT   100000  
LOGFILE LIMIT MODE   LINE  
LOGFILE_MODE          EXTENDED
```



Recommendations and Optimizations

Preparing for Mayhem

Recommendations & Optimizations

Why Optimization?

Recommendations & Optimizations

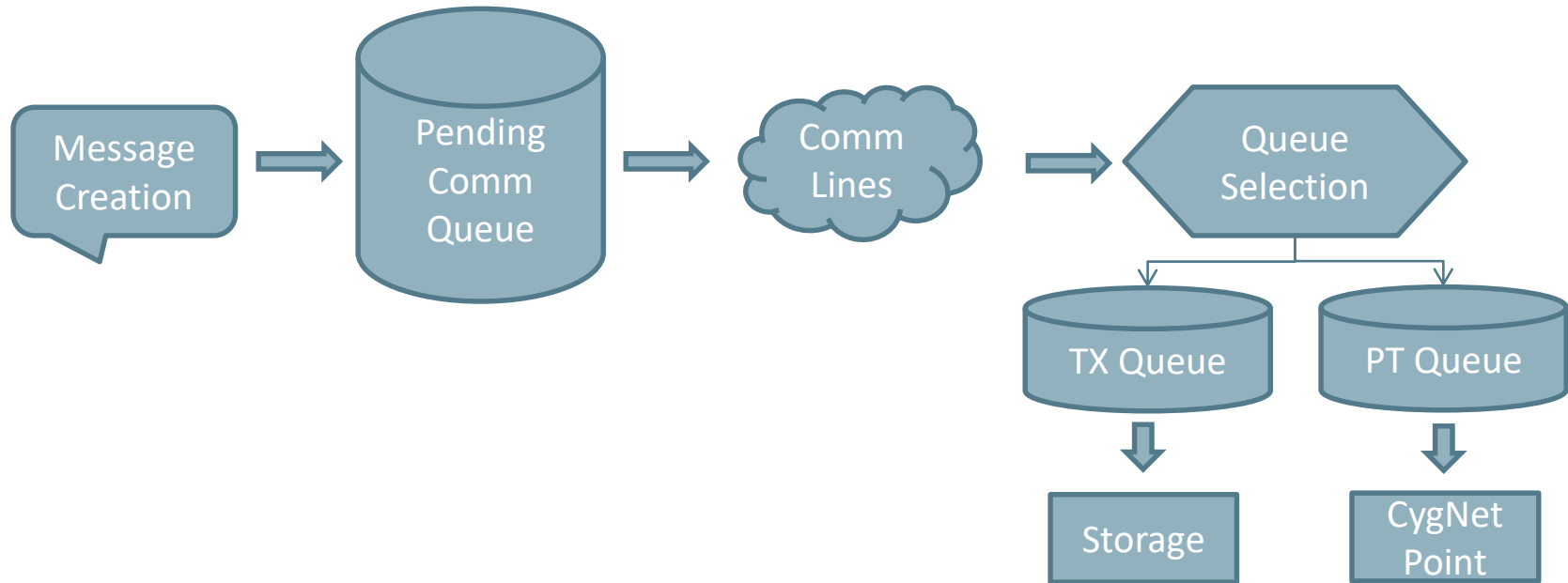
- Resource bottlenecks
 - Memory
 - CPU
 - Drive I/O
- Demand > availability
 - Decrease demand
 - Increase availability



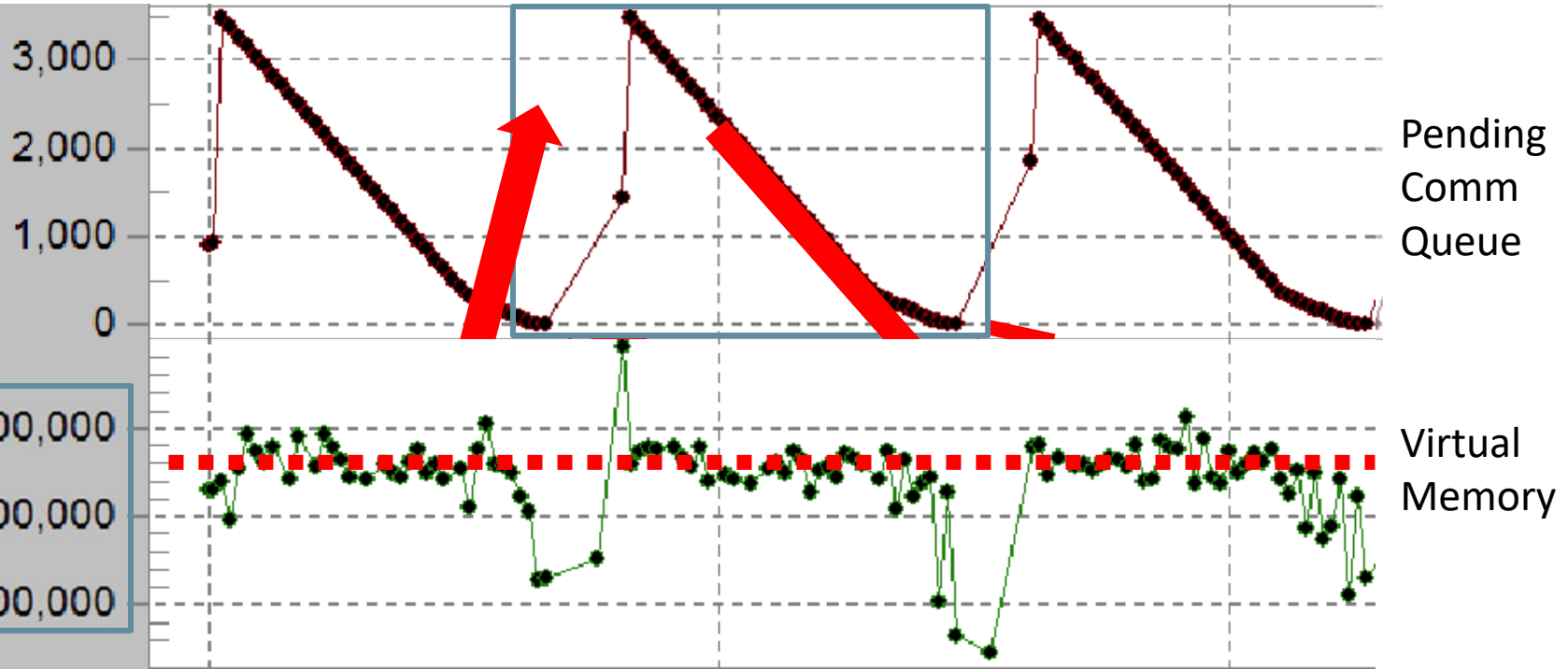
UIS/DDS Optimizations

UIS/DDS Optimizations

- The journey of a UIS message



UIS/DDS Optimizations



UIS/DDS Optimizations



Pending
Comm
Queue

Virtual
Memory

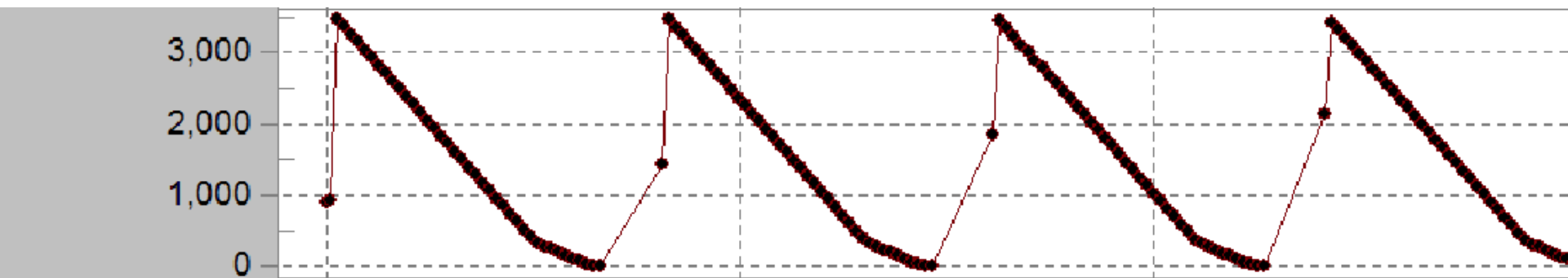
UIS/DDS Optimizations

- Bottleneck #1 – Memory
 - 32-bit process – 4GB memory limit
 - 64-bit process – 16.8 million terabyte memory limit

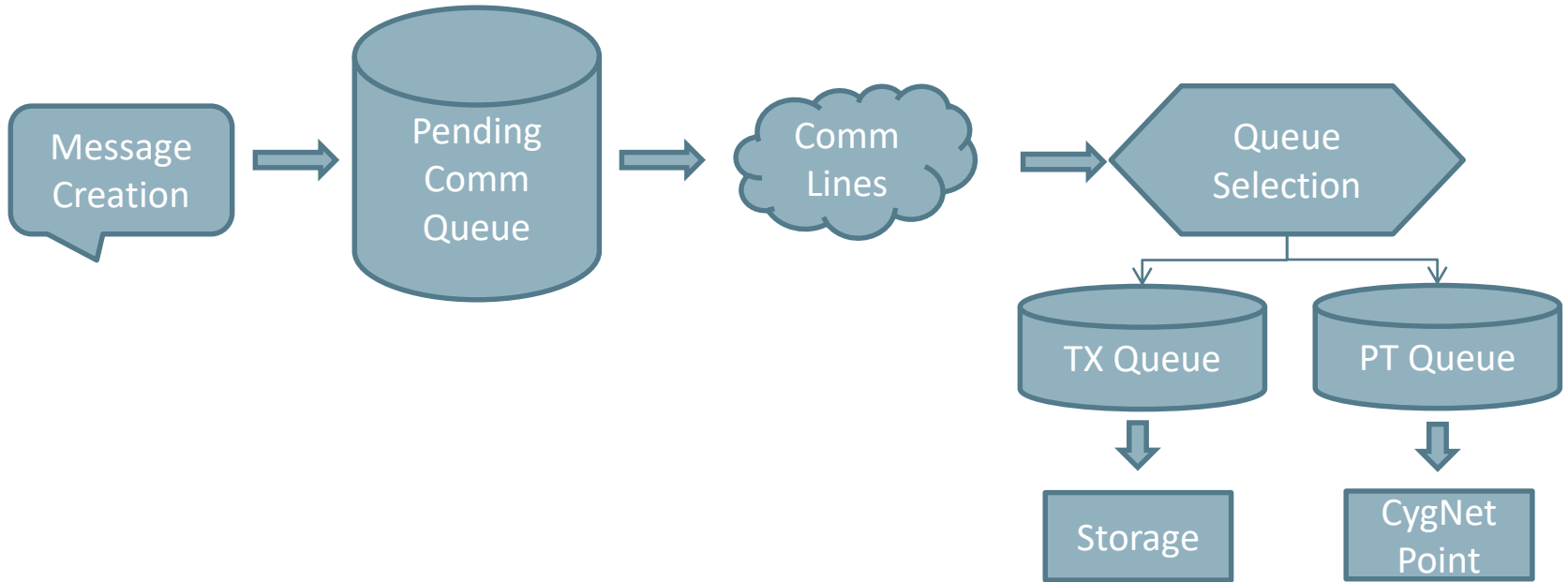
UIS/DDS Optimizations

- Preventing death by pending comm queue
 - Alarm
 - Virtual memory (SVMVIRT)
 - Pending comm queue (SVMUISPNDC)
 - Failed communications (SYCSSTAT)
 - Optimize
 - Throttle

UIS/DDS Optimizations



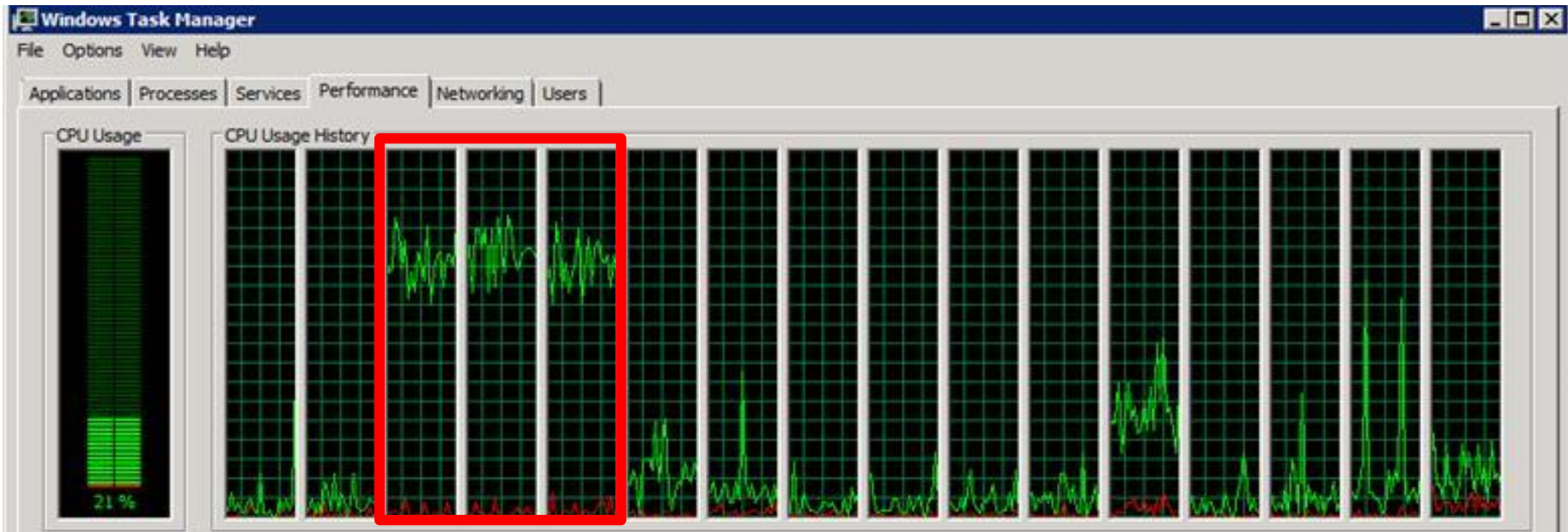
UIS/DDS Optimizations



UIS/DDS Optimizations



UIS/DDS Optimizations



UIS/DDS Optimizations

- Bottleneck #2 – CPU
 - Default: 3 threads per response queue
 - Configurable up to 16 threads

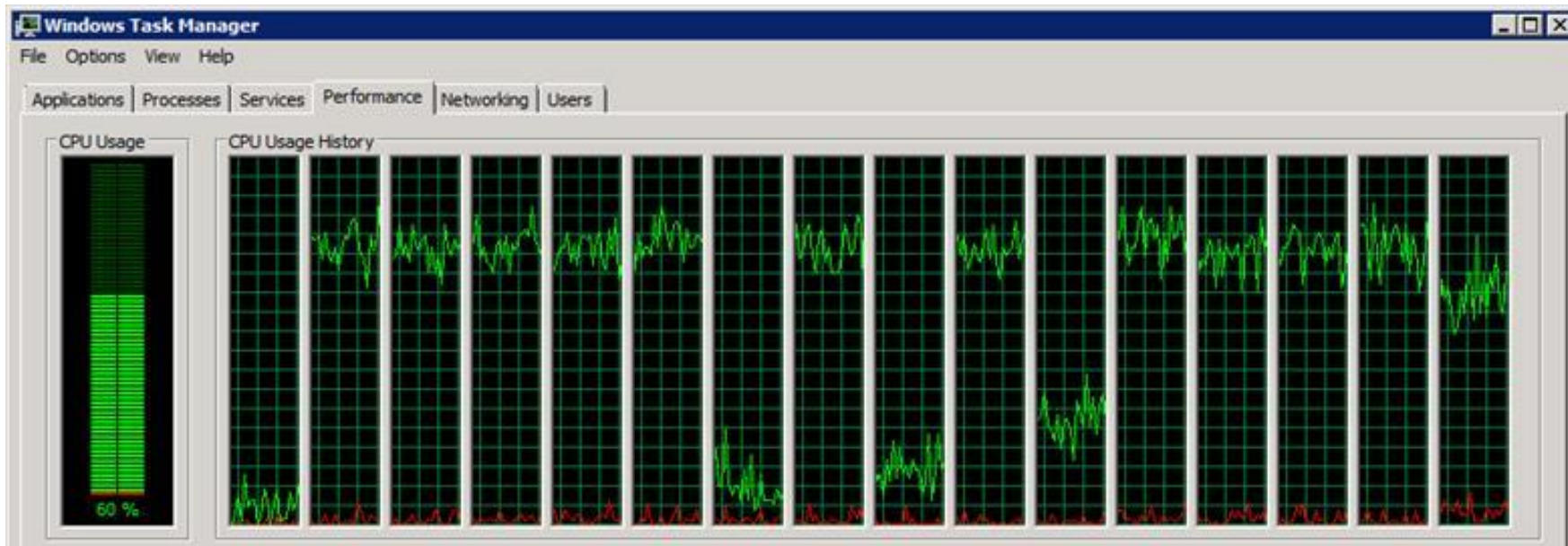
UIS/DDS Optimizations

- Increase thread count
 - Add incrementally

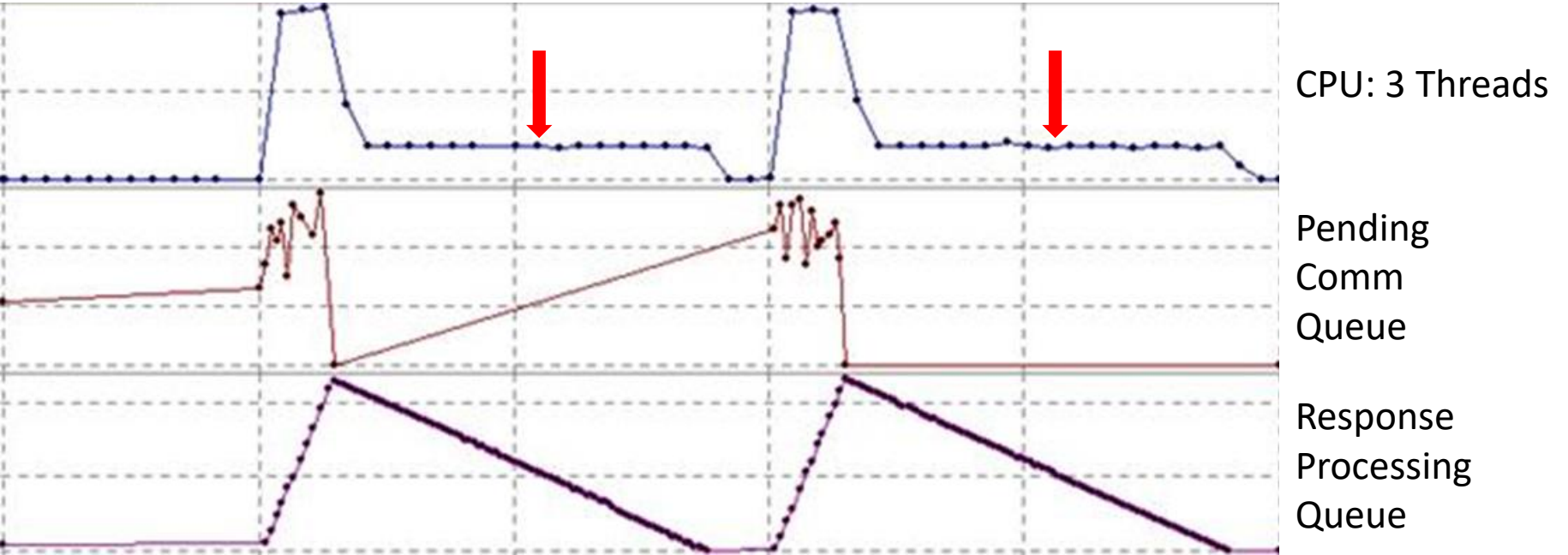
UIS/DDS Optimizations

- Increase thread count

12 Threads Configured



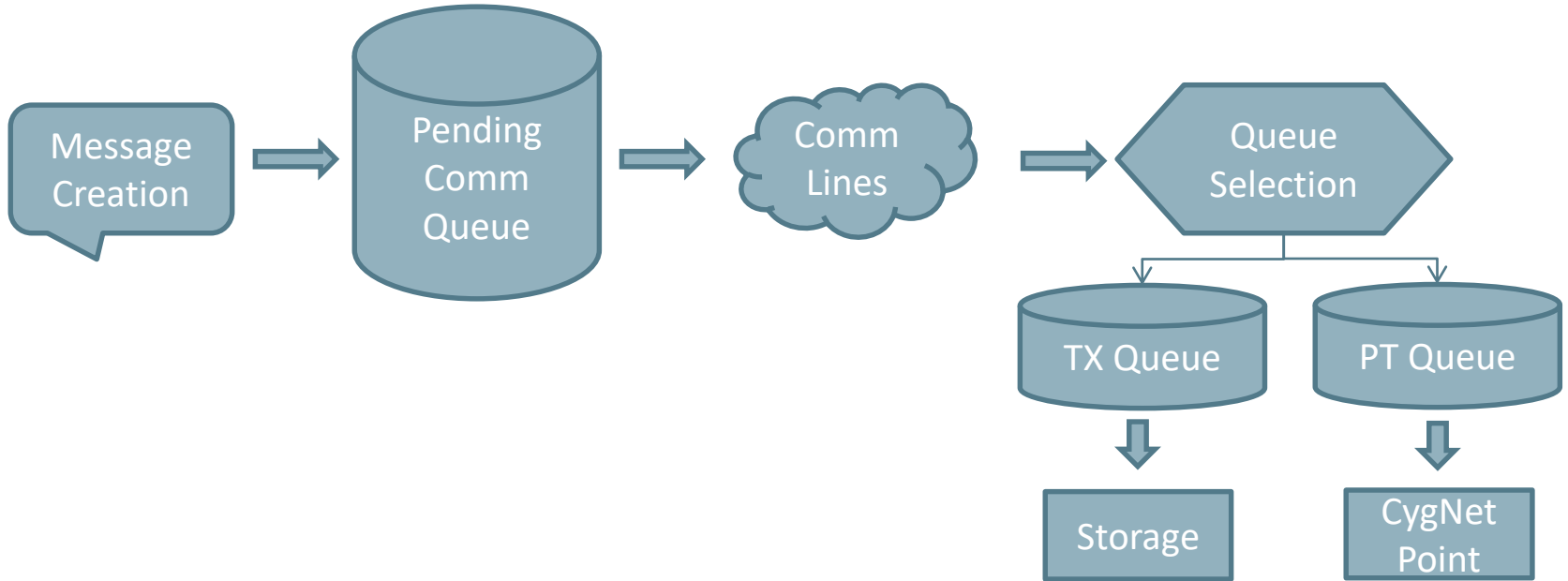
UIS/DDS Optimizations



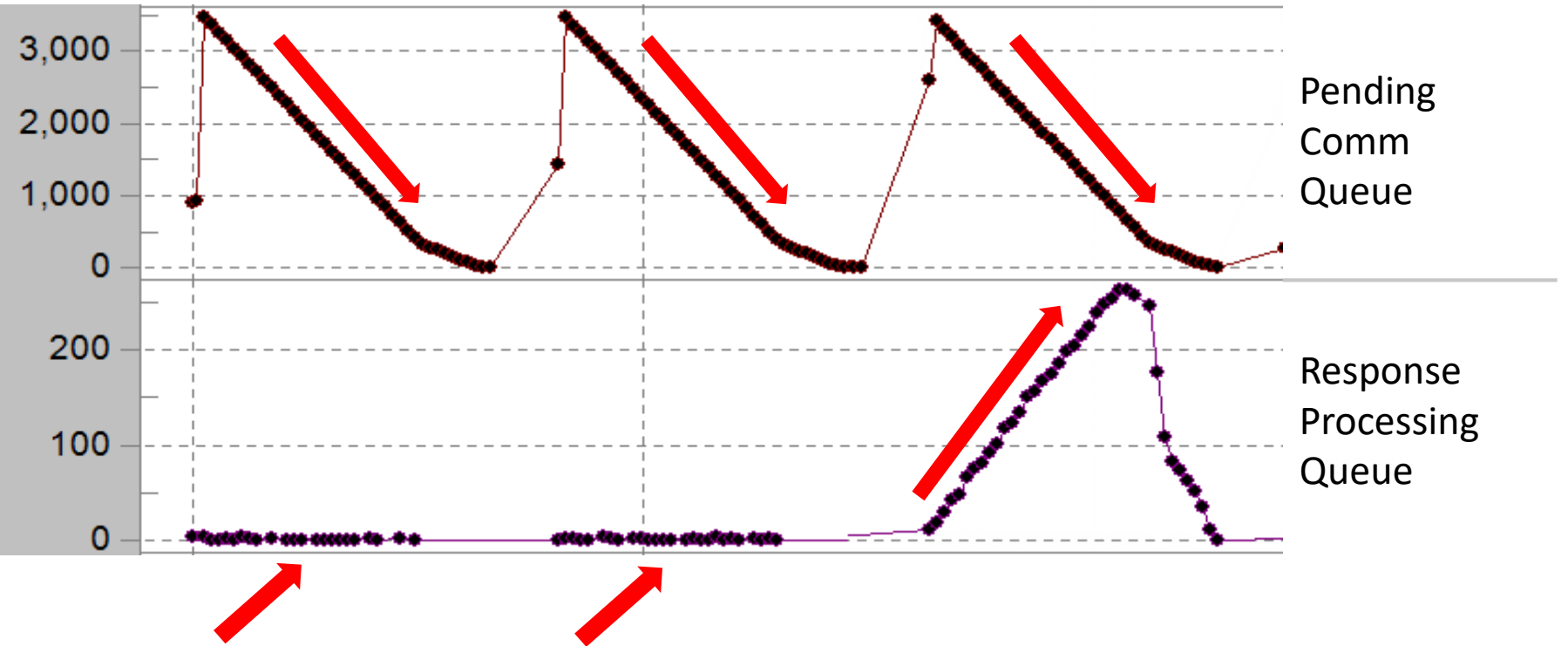
UIS/DDS Optimizations



UIS/DDS Optimizations

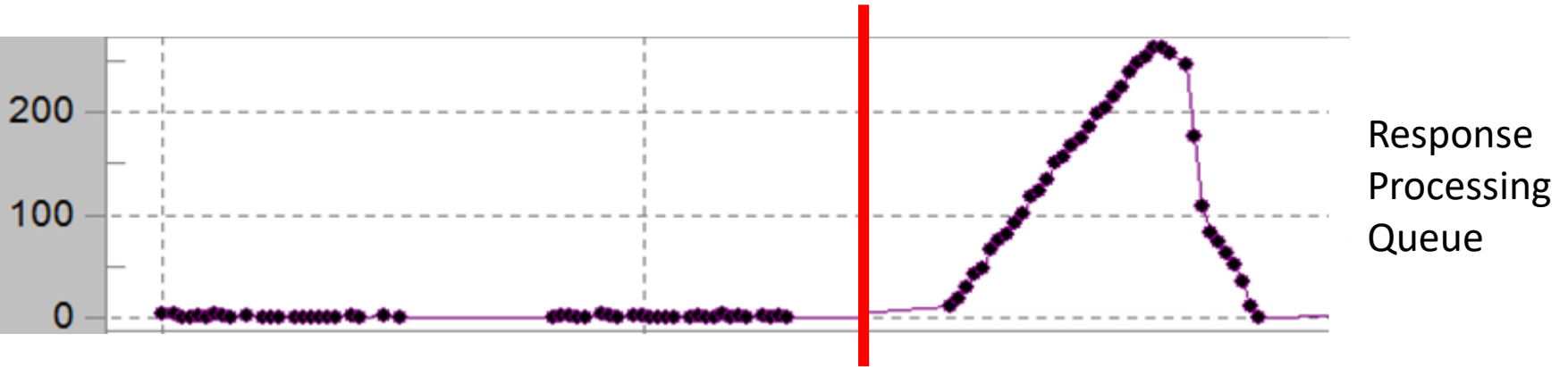


UIS/DDS Optimizations



UIS/DDS Optimizations

- Bottleneck #3 – Disk I/O



UIS/DDS Optimizations

- Bottleneck #3 – Disk I/O
 - Disk queue length (SVMADQLC) < 1

- Solutions
 - Reduce read/writes
 - Increase cache
 - Upgrade drive



| Protect Your Enterprise from Data Loss and Downtime

Cleaning up after Mayhem

Recovery Options

- Backup
- Replication

Recovery Options

- Backup pros
 - Protects against file corruption and accidental deletion
 - Automatic Service Recovery (ASR)
 - Simple to implement

Recovery Options

- Backup cons
 - Longer downtime
 - May lose recent changes
 - Does not address hardware failure



Recovery Options

- Replication pros
 - Changes protected in real-time
 - Significantly reduced downtime
 - Protection against hardware failure

Recovery Options

■ Replication cons

- Does not protect against file corruption or accidental deletion
- Requires separate hardware
- Implementation is typically more complicated

Recommended Practices

■ Backups

- Maintain multiple versions
- Keep off production system
- Verify backup success

Recommended Practices

- Replication
 - Test failover



What about Redundancy?

Redundancy

- Utilizes replication
 - Same pros and cons
 - 8.5.0 – On-demand failover
 - 8.5.1 – Automatic failover



Summary

Summary

- Catching Mayhem at the door
 - SVCMON
 - Logging

Summary

- Preparing for Mayhem
 - Optimizing the System
 - Identifying bottlenecks

Summary

- Cleaning up after Mayhem
 - Backup + Replication = Recovery Plan



| Disaster Prevention

How to prepare for a visit from Mayhem



Additional Resources

- [CygNet Blog](#)
- [CygNet Support](#)
- [2017 Support Projects](#)



Questions?